1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
4	HOUSE BILL 2269 By: West (Josh) of the House
5	and
6	Rosino of the Senate
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9	AS INTRODUCED
10	An Act relating to public retirement systems;
11	amending 11 O.S. 2011, Sections 49-106.2, as last amended by Section 4, Chapter 281, O.S.L. 2014 and
12	49-113.2, as amended by Section 5, Chapter 281, O.S.L. 2014 (11 O.S. Supp. 2018, Sections 49-106.2
13	and 49-113.2), which relate to the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System; modifying
14	provisions related to computation of certain annuity values; providing for payment of benefits pursuant to
15	statutory provisions; modifying provisions related to probate waiver for payment of death benefits;
16	providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
20	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 49-106.2, as
21	last amended by Section 4, Chapter 281, O.S.L. 2014 (11 O.S. Supp.
22	2018, Section 49-106.2), is amended to read as follows:
23	Section 49-106.2 A. For limitation years prior to July 1,
24	2007, the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of

HB2269 HFLR BOLD FACE denotes Committee Amendments. 1986, as amended, shall be computed in accordance with the applicable provisions of the System in effect at that time and, to the extent applicable, Revenue Ruling 98-1 and Revenue Ruling 2001-51, except as provided below. Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein to the contrary, the benefits payable to a member from the System provided by employer contributions (including contributions picked up by the employer under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended) shall be subject to the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, in accordance with the provisions of this section. The limitations of this section shall apply in limitation years beginning on or after July 1, 2007, except as otherwise provided below.

B. Except as provided below, effective for limitation years ending after December 31, 2001, any accrued retirement benefit payable to a member as an annual benefit as described below shall not exceed One Hundred Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$160,000.00), automatically adjusted under Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for increases in the cost of living, as prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury or his or her delegate, effective January 1 of each calendar year and applicable to the limitation year ending with or within such calendar year. The automatic annual adjustment of the dollar limitation in this subsection under Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of

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1986, as amended, shall apply to a member who has had a severance from employment.

- The member's annual benefit is a benefit that is payable annually in the form of a straight life annuity. Except as provided below, where a benefit is payable in a form other than a straight life annuity, the benefit shall be adjusted to an actuarially equivalent straight life annuity that begins at the same time as such other form of benefit and is payable on the first day of each month, before applying the limitations of this section. For a member who has or will have distributions commencing at more than one annuity starting date, the annual benefit shall be determined as of each such annuity starting date (and shall satisfy the limitations of this section as of each such date), actuarially adjusting for past and future distributions of benefits commencing at the other annuity starting dates. For this purpose, the determination of whether a new starting date has occurred shall be made without regard to Section 1.401(a)-20, Q&A 10(d), and with regard to Section 1.415(b)-1(b)(1)(iii)(B) and (C) of the Income Tax Regulations.
 - 2. No actuarial adjustment to the benefit shall be made for:
 - a. survivor benefits payable to a surviving spouse under a qualified joint and survivor annuity to the extent such benefits would not be payable if the member's benefit were paid in another form,

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- b. benefits that are not directly related to retirement benefits such as a qualified disability benefit, preretirement incidental death benefits, and postretirement medical benefits, or
- c. the inclusion in the form of benefit of an automatic benefit increase feature, provided, the form of benefit is not subject to Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and would otherwise satisfy the limitations of this section, and the System provides that the amount payable under the form of benefit in any limitation year shall not exceed the limits of this section applicable at the annuity starting date, as increased in subsequent years pursuant to Section 415(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. For this purpose, an automatic benefit increase feature is included in a form of benefit if the form of benefit provides for automatic, periodic increases to the benefits paid in that form.
- 3. The determination of the annual benefit shall take into account Social Security supplements described in Section 411(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and benefits transferred from another defined benefit plan, other than transfers of distributable benefits pursuant to Section 1.411(d)-4, Q&A-3(c),

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of the Income Tax Regulations, but shall disregard benefits attributable to employee contributions or rollover contributions.

- 4. Effective for distributions in plan years beginning after December 31, 2003, the determination of actuarial equivalence of forms of benefit other than a straight life annuity shall be made in accordance with paragraph 5 or paragraph 6 of this subsection.
- 5. Benefit Forms Not Subject to Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: The straight life annuity that is actuarially equivalent to the member's form of benefit shall be determined under this paragraph if the form of the member's benefit is either:
 - a. a nondecreasing annuity (other than a straight life annuity) payable for a period of not less than the life of the member (or, in the case of a qualified preretirement survivor annuity, the life of the surviving spouse), or
 - b. an annuity that decreases during the life of the member merely because of:
 - (1) the death of the survivor annuitant, but only if
 the reduction is not below fifty percent (50%) of
 the benefit payable before the death of the
 survivor annuitant, or
 - (2) the cessation or reduction of Social Security supplements or qualified disability payments as

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defined in Section 411(a)(9) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

- c. Limitation Years Beginning Before July 1, 2007. For limitation years beginning before July 1, 2007, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit computed using whichever of the following produces the greater annual amount:
 - (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form, and
 - (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) for that annuity starting date.
- d. Limitation Year Beginning On January 1, 2008. For the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the greater of:

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- (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity, if any, payable to the member under the System commencing at the same annuity starting date as the member's form of benefit, and
- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) for that annuity starting date.
- e. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2008.

 For limitation years beginning on or after July 1,

 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity
 is equal to the greater of:
 - (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity, if any, payable to the member under the System commencing at the same annuity starting date as the member's form of benefit, and
 - (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the

member's form of benefit, computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) for that annuity starting date.

- 6. Benefit Forms Subject to Section 417 (e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended: The straight life annuity that is actuarially equivalent to the member's form of benefit shall be determined under this paragraph if the form of the member's benefit is other than a benefit form described in paragraph 5 of this subsection. In this case, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity shall be determined as follows:
 - a. Annuity Starting Date on or after January 1, 2009. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in the period beginning on January 1, 2009 through June 30, 2009, or in a plan year beginning after June 30, 2009, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the greatest of divisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subparagraph:
 - (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the

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member's form of benefit, computed using the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor as set forth in the most recent actuarial valuation referenced in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title prior to September 1, 2011, and effective September 1, 2011, in subsection L of this section for adjusting benefits in the same form,

- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance), and
- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computing computed using:

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) <u>i.</u>	in a plan year beginning after June 30,
	2019, the applicable interest rate
	under Section 417(e)(3) of the Internal
	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (and
	subsequent guidance), for the fourth
	calendar month preceding the plan year
	in which falls the annuity starting
	date for the distribution and the
	stability period is the successive
	period of one (1) plan year which
	contains the annuity starting date for
	the distribution and for which the
	applicable interest rate remains
	constant, and

ii. in a plan year beginning before July 1,

2019, the adjusted first, second, and
third segment rates under Section

417(e)(3)(C) and (D) of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
applied under rules similar to the
rules of Section 430(h)(2)(C) of the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
amended, for the fourth calendar month
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the annuity starting date for the distribution and the stability period is the successive period of one plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, or as otherwise provided in the applicable guidance if the first day of the first plan year beginning after December 31, 2007, does not coincide with the first day of the applicable stability period, and

(b) the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Rev. Rul. 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

b. Annuity Starting Date in the Period Beginning on July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in the period beginning on July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008, the actuarially equivalent straight life

annuity is equal to the greatest of divisions (1), (2)

and (3) of this subparagraph:

(1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity

commencing at the same annuity starting date that

has the same actuarial present value as the

member's form of benefit, computed using the

interest rate and the mortality table or other

tabular factor each as set forth in subsection H

of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting

benefits in the same form,

(2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and

- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using:
 - (a) the adjusted first, second, and third segment rates under Section 417(e)(3)(C) and

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(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applied under rules similar to the rules of Section 430(h)(2)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for the fourth calendar month preceding the plan year in which falls the annuity starting date for the distribution and the stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, or as otherwise provided in the applicable guidance if the first day of the first plan year beginning after December 31, 2007, does not coincide with the first day of the applicable stability period, and

(b) the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

c. Annuity Starting Date in Plan Years Beginning in 2006 or 2007. If the annuity starting date of the member's form of benefit is in a plan year beginning in 2006 or 2007, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity

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is equal to the greatest of divisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subparagraph:

- (1) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using the interest rate and the mortality table (or other tabular factor) each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form,
- (2) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and
- (3) the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using:
 - (a) the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner

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for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, and

(b) the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable),

divided by one and five one-hundredths (1.05).

- d. Annuity Starting Date in Plan Years Beginning in 2004 or 2005.
 - of benefit is in a plan year beginning in 2004 or 2005, the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the member's form of benefit,

computed using whichever of the following produces the greater annual amount:

- (a) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form, and
- (b) a five and one-half percent (5.5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- (2) If the annuity starting date of the member's benefit is on or after the first day of the first plan year beginning in 2004 and before December 31, 2004, the application of this subparagraph shall not cause the amount payable under the member's form of benefit to be less than the benefit calculated under the System, taking into account the limitations of this section, except that the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is equal to the annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial

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present value as the member's form of benefit, computed using whichever of the following produces the greatest annual amount:

- (a) the interest rate and mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title for adjusting benefits in the same form,
- (b) i. the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one (1) plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant, and
 - ii. the applicable mortality table
 described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or

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its successor for these purposes, if applicable), and

(c) i. the rate of interest on thirty-year Treasury securities as specified by the Commissioner for the lookback month for the stability period specified below. The lookback month applicable to the stability period is the fourth calendar month preceding the first day of the stability period, as specified below. The stability period is the successive period of one plan year which contains the annuity starting date for the distribution and for which the applicable interest rate remains constant (as in effect on the last day of the last plan year beginning before January 1, 2004, under provisions of the System then adopted and in effect), and

ii. the applicable mortality table
 described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or
 its successor for these purposes, if
 applicable).

- C. If a member has less than ten (10) years of participation in the System and all predecessor municipal firefighter pension and retirement systems, the dollar limitation otherwise applicable under subsection B of this section shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of the years of participation, or part thereof, in the System of the member, but never less than one (1), and the denominator of which is ten (10).
- D. Adjustment of Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement
 Before Sixty-two (62) Years of Age or After Sixty-five (65) Years of
 Age: Effective for benefits commencing in limitation years ending
 after December 31, 2001, the dollar limitation under subsection B of
 this section shall be adjusted if the annuity starting date of the
 member's benefit is before sixty-two (62) years of age or after
 sixty-five (65) years of age. If the annuity starting date is
 before sixty-two (62) years of age, the dollar limitation under
 subsection B of this section shall be adjusted under paragraph 1 of
 this subsection, as modified by paragraph 3 of this subsection, but
 subject to paragraph 4 of this subsection. If the annuity starting
 date is after sixty-five (65) years of age, the dollar limitation
 under subsection B of this section shall be adjusted under paragraph
 2 of this subsection, as modified by paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 1. Adjustment of Defined Benefit Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement Before Sixty-two (62) Years of Age:

a.

Limitation Years Beginning Before July 1, 2007. If
the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is
prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a
limitation year beginning before July 1, 2007, the
dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting
date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the
form of a straight life annuity commencing at the
member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial
equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B
of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this
section for years of participation less than ten (10),
if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using
whichever of the following produces the smaller annual
amount:

- (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title, or
- (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- b. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2007.

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- (1) System Does Not Have Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-two (62) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit Commencement.
 - If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality

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table for the annuity starting date as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

If the annuity starting date for the (b) member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence

rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

computed using a five percent (5%) interest

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(2)System Has Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-two (62) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit Commencement. If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is prior to sixty-two (62) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after July 1, 2007, and the System has an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-two (62) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date is the lesser of the limitation determined under division (1) of this subparagraph and the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of

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participation less than ten (10), if required)
multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of
the immediately commencing straight life annuity
under the System at the member's annuity starting
date to the annual amount of the immediately
commencing straight life annuity under the System
at sixty-two (62) years of age, both determined
without applying the limitations of this section.

- (3) Effective for limitation years commencing on or after January 1, 2014, notwithstanding any other provision of paragraph 1 of this subsection, the age-adjusted dollar limit applicable to a member shall not decrease on account of an increase in age or the performance of additional services.
- 2. Adjustment of Defined Benefit Dollar Limitation for Benefit Commencement After Sixty-five (65) Years of Age:
 - a. Limitation Years Beginning Before July 1, 2007. If
 the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is
 after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a
 limitation year beginning before July 1, 2007, the
 dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting
 date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the
 form of a straight life annuity commencing at the
 member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial

equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using whichever of the following produces the smaller annual amount:

- (1) the interest rate and the mortality table or other tabular factor, each as set forth in subsection H of Section 49-100.9 of this title, or
- (2) a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable).
- b. Limitation Years Beginning On or After July 1, 2007.
 - (1) System Does Not Have Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-five (65) Years of Age and the Age of Benefit Commencement.
 - (a) If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in the limitation year beginning on January 1, 2008, and the System does not have an immediately

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commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table for the annuity starting date as described in Revenue Ruling 2001-62 (or its successor for these purposes, if applicable) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

(b) If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a limitation year

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beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and the System does not have an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of a benefit payable in the form of a straight life annuity commencing at the member's annuity starting date that is the actuarial equivalent of the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) with actuarial equivalence computed using a five percent (5%) interest rate assumption and the applicable mortality table within the meaning of Section 417(e)(3)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as described in Revenue Ruling 2007-67 (and subsequent guidance) (and expressing the member's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date).

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(2)System Has Immediately Commencing Straight Life Annuity Payable at Both Sixty-five (65) Years of Age and Age of Benefit Commencement. If the annuity starting date for the member's benefit is after sixty-five (65) years of age and occurs in a limitation year beginning on or after July 1, 2007, and the System has an immediately commencing straight life annuity payable at both sixty-five (65) years of age and the age of benefit commencement, the dollar limitation at the member's annuity starting date is the lesser of the limitation determined under division (1) of this subparagraph and the dollar limitation under subsection B of this section (adjusted under subsection C of this section for years of participation less than ten (10), if required) multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at the member's annuity starting date to the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at sixty-five (65) years of age, both determined without applying the limitations of this section. For this purpose,

the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at the member's annuity starting date is the annual amount of such annuity payable to the member, computed disregarding the member's accruals after sixty-five (65) years of age but including actuarial adjustments even if those actuarial adjustments are used to offset accruals; and the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the System at sixty-five (65) years of age is the annual amount of such annuity that would be payable under the System to a hypothetical member who is sixty-five (65) years of age and has the same accrued benefit as the member.

3. Notwithstanding the other requirements of this subsection, in adjusting the dollar limitation for the member's annuity starting date under subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of this subsection, division (1) of subparagraph b of paragraph 1 of this subsection, subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of this subsection, or division (1) of subparagraph b of paragraph 2 of this subsection, no adjustment shall be made to reflect the probability of a member's death between the annuity starting date and sixty-two (62) years of age, or between sixty-five (65) years of age and the annuity starting date, as applicable, if benefits are not forfeited upon the death of the

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member prior to the annuity starting date. To the extent benefits are forfeited upon death before the annuity starting date, such an adjustment shall be made. For this purpose, no forfeiture shall be treated as occurring upon the member's death if the System does not charge members for providing a qualified preretirement survivor annuity, as defined in Section 417(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, upon the member's death.

- 4. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, for limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 1997, if payment begins before the member reaches sixty-two (62) years of age, the reductions in the limitations in this subsection shall not apply to a member who is a "qualified participant" as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(H) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- E. Minimum Benefit Permitted: Notwithstanding anything else in this section to the contrary, the benefit otherwise accrued or payable to a member under this System shall be deemed not to exceed the maximum permissible benefit if:
- 1. The retirement benefits payable for a limitation year under any form of benefit with respect to such member under this System and under all other defined benefit plans (without regard to whether a plan has been terminated) ever maintained by a participating municipality do not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) multiplied by a fraction:

- a. the numerator of which is the member's number of credited years (or part thereof, but not less than one
 (1) year) of service (not to exceed ten (10) years)
 with the participating municipality, and
- b. the denominator of which is ten (10); and
- 2. The participating municipality (or a predecessor employer) has not at any time maintained a defined contribution plan in which the member participated (for this purpose, mandatory employee contributions under a defined benefit plan, individual medical accounts under Section 401(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and accounts for postretirement medical benefits established under Section 419A(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, are not considered a separate defined contribution plan).
- F. In no event shall the maximum annual accrued retirement benefit of a member allowable under this section be less than the annual amount of such accrued retirement benefit, including early pension and qualified joint and survivor annuity amounts, duly accrued by the member as of the last day of the limitation year beginning in 1982, or as of the last day of the limitation year beginning in 1986, whichever is greater, disregarding any plan changes or cost-of-living adjustments occurring after July 1, 1982, as to the 1982 accrued amount, and May 5, 1986, as to the 1986 accrued amount.

- G. For limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, subsection C of this section, paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section, and the proration provided under subparagraphs a and b of paragraph 1 of subsection E of this section, shall not apply to a benefit paid under the System as a result of the member becoming disabled by reason of personal injuries or sickness, or amounts received by the beneficiaries, survivors or estate of the member as a result of the death of the member.
- H. If a member purchases service credit under the System, which qualifies as "permissive service credit" pursuant to Section 415(n) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the limitations of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, may be met by either:
- 1. Treating the accrued benefit derived from such contributions as an annual benefit under subsection B of this section; or
- 2. Treating all such contributions as annual additions for purposes of Section 415(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- I. If a member repays to the System any amounts refunded from the System because of the member's prior termination or any other amount which qualifies as a repayment under Section 415(k)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, such repayment shall not be taken into account for purposes of Section 415 of the Internal Revenue

Code of 1986, as amended, pursuant to Section 415(k)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

- J. For distributions made in limitation years beginning on or after January 1, 2000, the combined limit of repealed Section 415(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall not apply.
- K. The State Board is hereby authorized to revoke the special election previously made on June 21, 1991, under Section 415(b)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- L. Effective September 1, 2011, the interest rate and mortality assumptions for the System used to determine the actuarial equivalence of a member's form of benefit shall be set by the State Board in a manner that precludes employer discretion, shall be based upon recommendations from independent professional advisors and shall be published annually in the actuarial valuation.
- M. All benefits payable from the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System including payments from the deferred option plan under Section 49-106.1 of this title shall be paid from the general assets of the Fund pursuant to subsection B of Section 49-100.11 of this title.
- 20 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 11 O.S. 2011, Section 49-113.2, as
 21 amended by Section 5, Chapter 281, O.S.L. 2014 (11 O.S. Supp. 2018,
 22 Section 49-113.2), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 49-113.2 A. Upon the death of an active or retired member, the System shall pay to the surviving spouse of the member

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BOLD FACE denotes Committee Amendments.

1 if the surviving spouse has been married to the firefighter for 2 thirty (30) continuous months preceding the member's death provided 3 a surviving spouse of a member who died while in, or as a 4 consequence of, the performance of the member's duty for a 5 participating municipality shall not be subject to the marriage limitation for survivor benefits, or if there is no surviving spouse 6 7 or no surviving spouse meeting the requirements of this section, the System shall pay to the designated recipient or recipients of the 8 9 member, or if there is no designated recipient or if the designated 10 recipient predeceases the member, to the estate of the member, the 11 sum of Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) for those active or retired members who died prior to July 1, 1999. For those active or retired 12 13 members who die on or after July 1, 1999, the sum shall be Five 14 Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).

- B. Upon the death of a member who dies leaving no living designated recipient or having designated the member's estate as recipient, the System may pay any applicable death benefit which may be subject to probate, in an amount of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), to the heir or heirs of the member without the intervention of a probate court or probate procedures.
- C. Before any applicable probate procedure may be waived, the System must be in receipt of the member's proof of death and the following documents from those persons claiming to be the legal heirs of the deceased member:

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1. The member's last will and testament if available;

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- 2. An affidavit or affidavits of heirship which must contain:
 - a. the names and signatures of all claiming heirs to the deceased member's estate including the claiming heirs' names, relationship to the deceased member, current addresses and current telephone numbers,
 - b. a statement or statements by the claiming heirs that no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction,
 - c. a statement that the value of the deceased member's entire probate estate, less liens and encumbrances, does not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) the dollar limit stated in Section 393 of Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes (Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) in 2018), including the payment of benefits from the System, and
 - d. a statement by each individual claiming heir identifying the amount of personal property that the heir is claiming from the System or the amount the heir agrees to be paid to another person, and that the heir has been notified of, is aware of and consents to the identified claims of all the other claiming heirs of the deceased member pending with the System;

- 3. A written agreement or agreements signed by all claiming heirs of the deceased member which provides that the claiming heirs release, discharge and hold harmless the System from any and all liability, obligations and costs which it may incur as a result of making a payment to any of the deceased member's heirs;
- 4. A corroborating affidavit from an individual other than a claiming heir, who was familiar with the affairs of the deceased member; and
- 5. Proof that funeral and burial expenses of the deceased member have been paid or provided for.
- D. The System shall retain complete discretion in determining which requests for probate waiver may be granted or denied, for any reason. Should the System have any questions as to the validity of any document presented by the claiming heirs, or as to any statement or assertion contained therein, the probate requirements provided for in Section 1 et seq. of Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall not be waived.
- E. After paying any death benefits to any claiming heirs as provided pursuant to this section, the System is discharged and released from any and all liability, obligation and costs to the same extent as if the System had paid a personal representative holding valid letters testamentary issued by a court of competent jurisdiction. The System is not required to inquire into the truth

of any matter specified in this section or into the payment of any estate tax liability.

- F. The provisions of this section shall not be subject to qualified domestic orders as provided in subsection B of Section 49-126 of this title.
- G. 1. For purposes of this section, if a person makes a qualified disclaimer with respect to the death benefit provided for in subsection A of this section, this section shall apply with respect to such death benefit as if the death benefit had never been transferred to such person.
- 2. For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified disclaimer" means an irrevocable and unqualified refusal by a person, including but not limited to the surviving spouse of the deceased member, to accept an interest in the death benefit provided for in subsection A of this section, but only if:
 - a. such refusal is in writing,
 - b. such writing is received by the System not later than the date which is nine (9) months after the date of death of the deceased member,
 - c. such person has not accepted the death benefit provided for in subsection A of this section, and
 - d. as a result of such refusal, the death benefit provided for in subsection A of this section passes without any direction on the part of the person making

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1 the disclaimer and passes first, to the organization 2 providing funeral and burial services for the deceased 3 member or, if the cost of the funeral and burial 4 services for the deceased member has already been 5 paid, to the person or persons other than the person making the disclaimer as further provided for in this 6 7 section. SECTION 3. This act shall become effective July 1, 2019. 8 9 SECTION 4. It being immediately necessary for the preservation 10 of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby 11 declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and 12 be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

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COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON BANKING, FINANCIAL SERVICES AND PENSIONS, dated 02/27/2019 - DO PASS, As Coauthored.

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Representative Josh West Room 242 A

Re: RBH No. 5250

RBH No. 5250 changes the Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement System's definition of actuarial present value to conform to IRS definition of actuarial present value.

RBH No. 5250 states all benefits will be paid from the general fund of the system.

RBH No.5250 is a non fiscal bill as defined by the Oklahoma Pension Legislation Actuarial Analysis Act because there was no benefit increase contained in this bill.

I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein.

Thomas E. Cummins

Thomas E. Cummins, MAAA